APRIL, 1786. THE NUMB. 2916.

PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 19, 1786.

Philadelphia, April 7, 1786.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR

Directors and a Treasurer

OF THE

Library Company of Philadelphia,

WILL be held, at the Company's Room in Carpenter's Hall, on Monday the first of May next, at three o'Clock in the afternoon, when the Treasurer will attend to receive the annual Payments.

As there are several shares on which *fines* are due, the owners of them, or their representatives, are hereby notified, that they will be unavoidably forfeited, agreeably to the laws of the Company, unless the arrears are paid off on the said first of May, or within ten days after.

By order of the Board of Directors,

ZACHARIAH POULSON, jun. Librarian.

Footman and Shippen,

Next door but one above the Bunch of Grapes Inn, Third-street,

Have for Sale, a large and elegant Assortment of

SPRING GOODS,

Imported in the last vessels from Europe: Also English bottled porter, by the dozen or cask, of an excellent quality; likewise country rum. ‖ 6 w.

SCHOOL MASTER.

A PERSON, properly qualified to teach an English School in its various branches (having been in the scholastic line upwards of eight years) would be glad to engage as school master, can be well recommended by his employers where he now resides. Or would be glad to assist any merchant in the accompting-house, or any public office. Enquire of the Printers. †

The Partnership of Quarrier & Hunters,

Coachmakers, being dissolved,

THE subscribers beg leave to express their gratitude to their Friends and Customers, in this and the other states, for the generous encouragement they have received, and inform them the business is still carried on in all its branches, at the same place in Market-street as formerly, by ‖

GEORGE & WILLIAM HUNTER.

STOLEN

Out of the subscriber's Compting-house, in Front-street, the following articles, viz.

A Drab coloured great coat, of fine coating, without buttons or button holes, and without slits behind or at the sides, has a small cape; a drab coloured surtout, of broad cloth, with a small cape; a drab coloured plain coat; a pair of corduroy breeches, without lining, and almost new; a drab coloured great coat, much wore, new done up, and of superfine broad cloth, with two large pockets in the inside.

Any person restoring these articles, shall have one Guinea reward, and if the thief is brought to justice, another Guinea, paid by

ABEL JAMES.

Philad. Fourth month 1, 1789.

TO BE SOLD,

A Three story brick Messuage or Tenement, with a two story brick Kitchen, and lot of Ground, situate on the west side of Delaware Third-street, between Mulberry-street and Cherry-street, in the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth on the said Third-street 20 feet, and in length 99 feet, bounded on the north by ground late of Jeremiah Warder, deceased, and on the south by ground of Andrew Epple, subject to the yearly groundrent of thirteen Spanish silver milled dollars. Any person inclining to purchase, for conditions and terms of sale, is desired to apply to Peter Thomson, conveyancer, in Race-street, Philadelphia.

To be Sold by public Vendue,

On the third of May, at two o'clock in the afternoon, at the house of John Whitman, in the town of Reading,

THAT large convenient HOUSE and LOT, in the said town, situate at the corner of Penn and Callowhill-streets. The lot is 60 feet front, and about 230 feet in depth, to a 20 feet alley. The house is built of brick, well finished, and in good order, two stories high, four rooms on each floor, a cellar under the whole, a convenient kitchen back of the house, a frame stable, and adjoining to the house in front is a small frame tenement, suitable for a shop. The situation of this house for trade is equal to any in town, and being on the Court-house square, is airy and pleasant. One half of the purchase money being paid down, the remainder will be accepted in two payments, at six and twelve months, without interest. Should any incline to purchase before the day of sale, they can be be informed of the terms, by applying to COLLINSON READ, Esq; in Reading, or the subscriber, in Front, near Vine-street, Philadelphia.

¶ ELIZABETH LIGHTFOOT.

Annapolis, March 10, 1786.

AGREEABLY to a resolve of the Board of Visitors and Governors of St. John's College, in the state of Maryland, Notice is hereby given, that the subscribers, being a committee appointed by the Board for that purpose, will receive, at any time before the second Tuesday in May next, plans and proposals for erecting the building or buildings of the said College, within the city of Annapolis, and also for furnishing materials for the same.

A. C. MANSON,
NICHOLAS CARROLL.
RICHARD RIDGELL.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of MARY YERKES, late of Warminster township, Bucks county, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment; and those who have any demands against said estate, are likewise requested to bring in their accounts, properly attested, in order for settlement, to

April 8, 1786. ¶ ISAAC HOUGH, acting Execut.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Jacob Weaver, late an officer in the Pennsylvania line, deceased, are requested to pay the same to the subscriber; and all who may have any demands against him are desired to bring their accounts in for settlement, to

April 8, 1786. AMOS TAYLOR, Administrator.

Newtown, Bucks county, April 7, 1786.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be exposed to public Sale, at the house of Jacob Kechline, in Rockhill township, on FRIDAY, the 28th instant, at two o'clock in the afternoon, a Tract of Land, containing about 46 acres, be the same more or less, having thereon a good two story stone house, with other convenient buildings for the purpose of keeping a public house of entertainment; situate in Haycock township, on the road leading from Philadelphia to Bethlehem; bounded by lands of Samuel Armstrong, Philip Stever, and by Tohickon creek. It is a good stand for a store or any other kind of public business. Taken in execution as the property of Henry Keller, and to be sold by

§ WILLIAM ROBERTS, Sheriff.

Newtown, Bucks county, April 7, 1786.

BY virtue of a writ of Vendinoni Exponas to me directed, will be exposed to public Sale, on SATURDAY, the 29th day of this instant, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at the house of Col. Robert Robeson, in Bedminster township, a Tract of Land, containing about 50 acres, more or less, having thereon a good stone house, log barn and stabling, a good orchard; situate in Hiltown township; bounded by lands of Robert Robeson, William Derroch, and others. It is a good stand for a store or tradesman, being at the crossing of two public roads. Taken in execution as the property of Jared Erwin, deceased, and to be sold, by

§ WILLIAM ROBERTS, Sheriff.

Newtown, Bucks county, April 7, 1786.

BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas to me directed, will be exposed to public Sale, on the premises, on TUESDAY, the second day of May next, at one o'clock in the afternoon, a certain Messuage, Plantation, and Tract of Land, situate in Northampton township, containing about 180 acres, be the same more or less; having thereon a good two story stone house, good barn, &c. Also will be sold at the same time and place, winter grain in the ground, horses, cows, waggon and gears, feather beds, case of drawers, tables, chairs, plough and harrow, two copper stills; also a negroe man. All late the property of George Parsons. Seized and taken in execution, and to be be sold, by

§ WILLIAM ROBERTS, Sheriff.

Newtown, Bucks county, April 7, 1786.

BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas to me directed, will be exposed to public Sale, on the premises, on WEDNESDAY, the third day of may next, a certain Messuage and Tract of Land, containing about 59 acres, more or less; situate in Bristol township; bounded by lands of Peter White, Adam Weaver, Staple Thompson, and others; having thereon a good dwelling-house, barn, &c. Also at the same time and place will be sold, horses, horned cattle, sheep, feather beds and bedding, case of drawers, chairs, tables, &c. Taken in execution as the property of John Bodine, and to be sold, by

§ WILLIAM ROBERTS, Sheriff.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Talbot county, state of Maryland, about the 20th instant, a Negro Fellow called PETER, the property of Mrs. Henrietta Maria Chamberlaine, of the state and county aforesaid. He is about twenty years old, has a very remarkable mouth, which looks as if it had been scarified, is very fond of drink, has been accustomed to chimney sweeping, and probably will attempt to pass for one: he had on when he went away, a soldier's coat, of blue and red, his other clothes not known. Whoever will secure him in any gaol where the subscriber may get him again, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges if brought home, paid by

WILLIAM HAYWARD, jun.

Talbot county, March 26, 1786.

STOP THE ROGUE.

MARCH 28th, 1786,

LEFT the township of West Caln, Chester county, a certain JOHN PRICE, of Welch and Dutch extraction; prior to his departure he agreed with me the subscriber, to serve twelve months for a certain sum of money, of which I paid him good part in hand, and have not received any satisfaction for the same; said Price is about forty years of age, six feet high, dark complexion, curled black hair, thin visage, strait bodied, walks like an Indian; had on when he went away, a deep blue coat, bound with yellow silk lace, a rose upon each hip of the same; neither button or button-holes, grey waistcoat and trowsers, made of coating, one pair of corduroy breeches, with silk knee bands, two pair of stockings, one pair ribbed, the other clouded, two pair of shoes, one pair new the other old, two hats, one beaver, the other old (Quality not known) any person or persons apprehending and bringing said rogue to the subscriber, living in the township and county aforesaid, shall have Four Dollars Reward, and all reasonable charges paid by me, and this shall be their sufficient warrant for and in so doing

§ JOHN M'CULAGH.

Tredyffrin township, Chester county, April 6, 1786.

WHEREAS it has been reported by some enemies, that a sum of money, belonging to Michael Rinn, was lost in the house of the subscriber, for which a bond was given to the said Michael, to prevail on him not to make it publicly known: Now the subscriber hereby gives notice, that he shall call upon any persons who shall circulate the said report hereafter, to prove it to be true, or otherwise will prosecute them at law. The following certificate of the said Michael Rinn, now at Pittsburgh, is inserted verbatim, to satisfy the public.

¶ JOHN THOMAS.

"I do certify, that I never received bond or satisfaction of "John Thomas, for any damages done to me by him or his "wife; the report of it is false. Given under my hand this "23d day of November, 1785. MICHAEL RINN."

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RAN away from his master, living in Germantown township, Philadelphia county, on the 28th of March last, a Negroe slave, named Isaac Jones, about 20 years of age, between four and five feet high; had on, when he went away, two blue sailor jackets, a pair of cloth coloured woollen trowsers, a red silk handkerchief, a wool hat, and a pair of good shoes, with two different buckles. Said Negroe was brought up a sailor, and it is thought he will try to get on board some vessel; all masters of vessels are forewarned not to take away nor harbour said slave. Whoever will apprehend and secure him, so that his master may get him again, shall be entitled to the above reward, and reasonable charges. Enquire of the Printers hereof. ¶

EXTRACTS from the Minutes of the Second Session of the TENTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY *of the* COMMONWEALTH *of* PENNSYLVANIA.

[Continued from No. 2911.]

SATURDAY, March 4, 1786. A. M.

The House met pursuant to adjournment.

A PETITION from John White, of Lower Makefield township, in the county of Bucks, was read, setting forth, that he purchased the possession of the first island in the river Delaware, above the falls at Trenton, commonly known by the name of Logan's or Gold's island, and paid taxes therefor to this state; that by an act passed the twentieth day of September, 1783, confirming the agreement entered into between the commissioners of this state and the state of New-Jersey, it is declared, "that all islands, islets and dry lands, within the bed and between the shores of the said river, and between the station point northwardly and the falls of Trenton southwardly, shall, as to jurisdiction, be hereafter deemed and considered as parts and parcels of the state to which such insulated dry lands lie nearest, at the time of making and executing the said agreement;" that the commissioners appointed by this state and that of New-Jersey, since the passing the aforesaid act, have determined that the said Logan's or Gold's island shall be added to the state of New-Jersey, notwithstanding it is seven or eight perches nearer to this state than New-Jersey; and praying relief in the premises.

Ordered to lie on the table.

Petitions from a number of the inhabitants of the county of Northampton were read, praying commissioners may be appointed to examine and lay out the most convenient and direct road from the Wind-Gap of the Blue Mountain to Wyoming.

Ordered to lie on the table.

A remonstrance from the Minister, some members of the corporation, and others, members of The Scots Presbyterian Church in Philadelphia, against granting the prayer of the petition of John Purden and others, was presented to the chair, read, and

Ordered to lie on the table.

A petition from divers inhabitants of the county of Chester, of a similar tenor to the petition of the inhabitants of the city and liberties of Philadelphia, read yesterday, respecting the repeal of the charter of the Bank of North-America, was read, and

Ordered to lie on the table.

A petition from Lawrence Bausman, of the township of Menallin, in the county of York, was read, setting forth, that his house took fire, and his title deeds to two hundred acres of land in said township were entirely consumed, and praying leave to bring in a bill to confirm his title to the same, so far as the said deeds relate thereto.

Ordered to lie on the table.

The petition of Robert Robinson, read March 2d, was read the second time, and committed.

The petition of the members of the Presbyterian church in the borough of Carlisle, in the county of Cumberland, read February 23d last, was read the second time.

Ordered that the prayer thereof be granted.

The petition of James Hamilton, read March 2d, was read the second time: Whereupon,

On motion of Mr. Hughes, seconded by Mr. Woods,

Ordered, That Friday next be assigned for the appointment of a Register of wills, &c. and Recorder of deeds in and for the county of Westmoreland, and that the nomination continue until that day.

The memorial of divers inhabitants of the county of Lancaster, read December 2d last, was read the second time, and committed.

The House resumed the consideration of the report of the committee on the petition of Andrew Henderson, postponed March 1st.

Ordered, That it be re-committed.

The committee appointed February 23d last, on the petition of divers inhabitants of the northernmost parts of the county of Montgomery, &c. made report, which was read, and

Ordered to lie on the table.

On motion of Mr. Gray, seconded by Mr. Brown,

Ordered, That Wednesday next be assigned for the third reading of the bill, entituled "An Supplement to the act, entituled "An Act to regulate the fisheries in the river Schuylkill."

The bill, entituled "An Act for amending the penal laws of "this commonwealth," was read the second time, debated by paragraphs, and ordered to be printed for public consideration.

The bill, entituled "An Act for securing to this common-"wealth the fidelity and allegiance of the inhabitants thereof, "and for admitting certain persons to the rights of citizenship," having been brought in engrossed, was compared at the table: And on the question,—"Shall the same be enacted into a law?"—the Yeas and Nays were called by Mr. Edgar and Mr. Hubley, and were as follow, viz.

YEAS. W. Will, R. Morris, T. Fitzsimons, J. Irvine, G. Clymer, I. Gray, J. Salter, G. Logan, W. Robinson, jun. S. Foulke, J. Smith, R. Ralston, J. Moore, T. Bull, J. Hannum, R. Smith, S. Evans, J. Morris, T. Whelen, A. Hubley, A. Lowrey, E. Carpenter, J. Work, A. Scott, W. Parr, H. Miller, D. M'Conaughy, M. Schmyser, P. Gartner, J. Lidy, H. Tyson, A. Eichelberger, J. Carothers, J. Creigh, T. Mawhorter, R. Trail, P. Trexler, jun. P. Burkhalter, R. Brown, G. Woods, W. Todd, J. Hughes, B. Rittenhouse, R. Loller, S. Wheeler. 41.

NAYS. J. Clark, A. Erwin, J. Thomas, R. Whitehill, J. Watts, A. Lincoln, N. Lutz, H. Spyker, P. Kreemer, D. Davis, B. Gehr, J. Piper, F. Antes, S. Dale, J. M'Dowell, J. Edgar, J. Smilie, J. M'Calmont, A. Smith, J. Rhea, A. Orth, R. Clark, D. Bradley. 23.

So it was determined in the affirmative, and the Speaker directed to sign the same.

The following bills, having also been brought in engrossed, were severally compared at the table, enacted into laws, and the Speaker directed to sign the same, viz.

An ACT to alter and amend an act, entituled "An Act to remedy the defects of the several acts of Assembly heretofore made for regulating the elections of Justices of the Peace throughout this state, and to establish a permanent mode of holding such elections; and to authorise the Justices of the Peace of the city of Philadelphia to hold the courts of record of the said city; and to make further provision for the due election and return of Justices of the Peace elect.

An ACT to incorporate the Episcopal Congregation belonging to St. Peter's Church, in the Great-Valley, in the township of Tredyffrin, and county of Chester.

Adjourned until Monday next, at three o'clock, P. M.

MONDAY, March 6, 1786. P. M.

The House met pursuant to adjournment.

A petition from 655 inhabitants of the county of Lancaster was read, of a similar tenor to the petition of the inhabitants of the

city and Liberties of Philadelphia, read March 3d, reſpecting the repeal of the charter of the Bank of North-America.

Ordered to lie on the table.

Petitions from 239 inhabitants of the townſhips of the Northern Liberties and Germantown, and of the diſtrict of Southwark, was read, of a ſimilar tenor to the preceding petition.

Ordered to lie on the table.

Petitions from 443 of the inhabitants of the county of Cheſter were read, praying for a diviſion of ſaid county.

Ordered to lie on the table.

A petition from a number of the inhabitants of the ſettlement of Little Cove, in Air townſhip, in the county of Bedford, was read, praying to be annexed to the county of Franklin.

Ordered to lie on the table.

A petition from 408 of the inhabitants of Wyoming, and vicinity, was preſented to the chair, and read, as follows, viz.

To the Honorable the REPRESENTATIVES of the Freemen of the Commonwealth of Penſylvania, in General Aſſembly met,

The Petition of the Freeholders at and near Wyoming, on the North-Eaſt Branch of the Suſquehanna River,

Moſt Reſpectfully Sheweth,

THAT your petitioners have endeavoured to take due notice of the act of Aſſembly paſſed laſt ſeſſion, entituled "An Act for quieting the diſturbances at Wyoming," &c. but how far it reſpects us, your petitioners, we are unable fully to determine: Wherefore we pray for an explanation of ſuch parts thereof as we do not readily underſtand. Does the act relative to the pardon of offences, miſdemeanors, &c. mean ſuch only as have been found guilty upon trial? or does it extend to all who ſtand indicted for ſuppoſed offences? or, ſtill further, does it comprehend and mean all who have acted defenſively, as well as offenſively, in the diſpute alluded to in the act? An explanatory anſwer to theſe queſtions will enable your petitioners to act conſiſtently in the matter, and ſupercede the neceſſity of ſending the militia hither to execute the laws among us.

Your petitioners view with pleaſure that paragraph of the act, that diſannuls that eſtabliſhment of diſtricts and magiſtracy here, which we have always eſteemed grievous and unconſtitutional, by the making void of which, your petitioners would fondly hope that your Honours mean to open a door for us to proceed as the thirtieth ſection of the conſtitution encourages. Purſuant thereto, we would humbly requeſt that we might be divided at preſent into two diſtricts, one on each ſide the aforeſaid river, and as extenſive as your Honors may think beſt, with the power and privilege of electing magiſtrates, &c. as the conſtitution directs.

Your petitioners would furthermore moſt earneſtly requeſt, that this ſettlement might be ſet off as a diſtinct county. The arguments we would humbly urge for ſuch a meaſure are,---the oblong and incommodious extenſion of the preſent county,---our local diſtance from the ſeat thereof,---the great diſadvantages we are ſubject to on account of travel, time and expences, in attending the courts,---and above all, the habitual and mutual prejudices which ſubſiſt between the upper and lower parts of the county we now ſtand annexed to, occaſioned by the diſputes reſpecting lands, &c. putting us under the diſadvantage of ſuch trials by jury, as is inconſiſtent with that impartiality which the ſpirit of the conſtitution intends.

Your Honors will permit us juſt to obſerve, that prior to the decree at Trenton we lived happy under the juriſdiction of the ſtate of Connecticut, and the enjoyment of her laws. We now wiſh to be received as good citizens of the ſtate of Pennſylvania, and to enjoy the bleſſings of your glorious conſtitution.

Be pleaſed moſt graciouſly to take this our petition into your wiſe and candid conſideration.

And we, as in duty bound, will ever pray.

Ordered to lie on the table.

The committee appointed December 19th, on the petitions of Michael Lindemuth and William May, made report, which was read, and

Ordered to lie on the table.

The committee appointed December 16th, on the petition of Joſeph Harriſon, made report, which was read, and

Ordered to lie on the table.

The committee appointed February 28th, on that part of the Meſſage from the Supreme Executive Council reſpecting the diſturbances at Wyoming, made report, which was read, and

On motion made by Mr. Smilie, ſeconded by Mr. Clymer,

Ordered, That Thurſday next be aſſigned for the ſecond reading of the ſaid report.

Agreeably to leave given, a member preſented to the chair a bill, entituled "An Act for incorporating the Preſbyterian Con- "gregation of Pittſburgh, in the county of Weſtmoreland, which was read the firſt time, and

Ordered to lie on the table.

The bill, entituled "An Act for incorporating the Baptiſt Church in the townſhip of New-Britain, and county of Bucks," which was read the firſt time February 27th, was read the ſecond time, debated by paragraphs, and ordered to be printed for public conſideration.

The bill, entituled "An Act for complying with the requiſition of the United States in Congreſs aſſembled, for the ſervices of the year one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-five, and for paying one year's intereſt on the foreign and domeſtic debts," was read the third time, debated by paragraphs, and ordered to be engroſſed, for the purpoſe of being enacted into a law.

The bill, entituled "An Act for removing the Proteſtant Epiſcopal Chapel of St. Thomas, in Carnarvon townſhip, Berks county, and for incorporating the Congregation thereof," having been brought in engroſſed, was compared at the table, enacted into a law, and the Speaker directed to ſign the ſame.

Adjourned until half paſt nine o'clock to-morrow, A. M.

TUESDAY, March 7, 1786. A. M.

The Houſe met purſuant to adjournment.

A letter from the Honorable the Vice-Preſident of the Supreme Executive Council was preſented to the chair, and read, as follows, viz.

In COUNCIL, *Philadelphia, March 6th, 1786.*

SIR,

YOU will be pleaſed to lay the incloſed papers before the legiſlature. *I am, SIR,*

With the higheſt reſpect,
Your moſt obedient ſervant,
CHARLES BIDDLE, Vice-Preſident.

Honorable the SPEAKER *of the General Aſſembly.*

And on motion, and by ſpecial order, the ſame, together with the papers therewith tranſmitted, were read the ſecond time: Whereupon

Ordered, That the letter from his Excellency the Governor of Virginia, with the reſolution of the Houſe of Delegates of that ſtate of the 29th day of December laſt incloſed, on the ſubject of titles to certain lands lying within the territory lately ceded by that ſtate to this commonwealth, be referred to Meſſrs. Parr, Edgar and Smilie, to report thereon.

Ordered, That the letter from his Excellency the Governor of Virginia, together with the reſolutions of the legiſlature of that ſtate reſpecting a convention of deputies from the ſeveral ſtates, for the purpoſe of deviſing a ſyſtem of general commercial regulations, be referred to Meſſrs. R. Morris, Fitzſimonss and Clymer, to report thereon.

On motion of Mr. Smilie, ſeconded by Mr. Fitzſimons,

Ordered, That the conſideration of the letter from his Excellency Governor Smallwood, with the reſolution of the Houſe of Delegates of the 21ſt of February laſt, be poſtponed until to-morrow.

A petition from George Tudor was read, praying to be appointed Regiſter of wills, &c. and Recorder of deeds, for the county of Weſtmoreland.

Ordered to lie on the table.

A petition from a number of the inhabitants of Cocalico townſhip, in the county of Lancaſter, was read, praying to be annexed to the firſt diſtrict for holding the annual general elections for the ſaid county.

Ordered to lie on the table.

A memorial from Edward Williams, late clerk and paymaſter to the hoſpital department, was read, praying to be allowed the commutation of five years full pay.

Ordered to lie on the table.

A petition from John Stephens was read, ſetting forth, that he hath diſcovered the art of making blue ſtone melting pots, which are equal, if not ſuperior, to black lead crucibles, and praying for a loan of two hundred pounds for the term of five years, without intereſt, for the purpoſe of carrying on the ſaid manufacture.

Ordered to lie on the table.

A petition from Jonas Philips was read, ſetting forth, that ſhortly after the enemy evacuated this city a quantity of goods were taken from him by William Weſt, and delivered to James Meaſe, then Clothier-General, which was ſuppoſed for the uſe of the army; that having ſeveral times applied for payment without effect, he commenced a ſuit at law againſt the ſaid Meaſe, but a law being in force that no public officers ſhould be arreſted, the ſaid law-ſuit could not be carried on; therefore praying the ſame act may be repealed, or this Houſe to direct payment for the ſaid goods.

Ordered to lie on the table.

A petition from the Truſtees of the Public School of Germantown, in the county of Philadelphia, was read, praying leave to bring in a bill ſupplementary to the act for incorporating the ſubſcribers to the ſaid ſeminary, for the purpoſes contained in ſaid petition.

Ordered to lie on the table.

A petition from a number of the inhabitants of Weſtmoreland, Waſhington and Fayette counties, was read, ſetting forth, that from the rules of the county courts and the general practice of the bar, they were induced to believe that an improvement right, with an actual ſettlement, or endeavoured to be carried on into actual ſettlement, as far as the inroads of the ſavages and circumſtances of the country would permit, could claim, hold and poſſeſs three hundred acres of land, beſides the uſual allowance for roads; that they have been alarmed by a late deciſion of the Judges of the ſupreme court, laſt ſeſſions, in the county of Weſtmoreland, by which, if carried into general practice, they will be deprived of their labour by any perſon who may ungenerouſly take the advantage thereof by an office right, before they can have it in their power to pay off the purchaſe money; therefore praying relief in the premiſes.

Ordered to lie on the table.

Petitions from 166 inhabitants of Mulberry ward, in the city of Philadelphia, of a ſimilar tenor to the petition from the city, read March 3d, reſpecting the repealing of the charter of the Bank of North-America, were read, and

Ordered to lie on the table.

Petitions from 104 of the inhabitants of the city of Philadelphia, ſimilar to the preceding petitions, were read, and

Ordered to lie on the table.

A remonſtrance and petition from a number of the inhabitants of the townſhip of Lebanon, in the county of Dauphin, was read, ſetting forth, that the boundary line directed to be run by the act for erecting the ſaid county will be very inconvenient; and praying the diviſion line may be extended along the ſouth mountain, and by the lines of the townſhips of Lebanon and Heidelberg, as the moſt natural and convenient.

Ordered to lie on the table.

The memorial of the Judges of the court of common pleas for the city and county of Philadelphia, read Febuary 28th laſt, was read the ſecond time, and committed.

A petition from John Leſher, ſtating divers grievances, was read, and Ordered to lie on the table.

The committee to whom was committed, March 4th, the report on the petition of Andrew Henderſon, in behalf of himſelf and others, made report, which was read, and

Ordered to lie on the table.

Petitions from a conſiderable number of the inhabitants of the county of Cheſter were read, praying for a diviſion of the ſaid county.

Ordered to lie on the table.

The bill, entituled "An Act to provide for the payment of the principal and intereſt of ſuch of the bills emitted purſuant to reſolution of Congreſs of the eighteenth day of March, one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty, and an act of the legiſlature of this ſtate of June the firſt, one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty, as ſhall remain unredeemed on the thirty-firſt day of December, one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-ſix," was read the third time, in part debated by paragraphs, and the further conſideration thereof poſtponed.

The bill, entituled "An Act for lending the ſum of five hundred pounds to Whitehead Humphreys, of the city of Philadelphia, for the purpoſe of manufacturing bar iron into ſteel," was read the third time, in part debated by paragraphs, and the further conſideration thereof poſtponed.

The bill, entituled "An Act for the relief of ſuch officers, late of the ſtate navy, as were made priſoners of war previous to the derangement in the year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight, and were afterwards honorably diſcharged, and of the widows and children of thoſe officers who died during their captivity," was read the third time, debated by paragraphs, and ordered to be engroſſed, for the purpoſe of being enacted into a law.

Adjourned until half paſt nine o'clock to-morrow, A. M.

[To be continued.]

TO THE PUBLIC.

NUMBER III.

AS the debates and proceedings of the Aſſembly, on the report of the committee (to whom were referred the memorials of a very large and reſpectable number of freemen, in divers parts of the ſtate, in behalf of the injured honor of the ſame, and complaining of the improper, unconſtitutional and faithleſs conduct of the late houſe, in their proceedings reſpecting the Bank of North-America) are advertized to be publiſhed in a pamphlet, by the perſon who uſually attends the Aſſembly for the purpoſe of taking down debates, and as thoſe debates, if correctly taken, will ſerve to ſet forth the unjuſt and arbitrary proceedings of the late houſe, and to ſhew the exceding uſefulneſs of a public Bank to the landed and commercial intereſt of the ſtate, I ſhall, (after the preſent number) diſcontinue the remarks I have to offer on the ſubject, until thoſe debates are in the hands of the public.

Having thus mentioned my intention, I ſhall confine my preſent remarks to ſuch matters as more immediately relate to thoſe debates.——Whoever will take a review of them, cannot but perceive that the ſpeakers in oppoſition to the Bank are thoſe, who from their remote ſituation feel themſelves very little, if at all, intereſted in the proſperity of the more ſettled and improved parts of the ſtate. Their ideas of government, agriculture and commerce, are drawn from and limited to their own frontier habitations; and their politics ſeem calculated to ſuit their particular ſituations, at the expence and detriment of the reſt. By attempting this, they injure themſelves; and the event in this inſtance, as in all others of narrow and contracted politics, will turn out to their own diſadvantage.

If thoſe perſons could not perceive that a Bank was beneficial to the landed intereſt, it muſt be—either becauſe they have yet no produce to ſell or export, or becauſe they have no commercial intercourſe with the market where the Bank is eſtabliſhed at. But even in this caſe their policy is ill calculated, and badly applied.

The time will come, when they *will have* produce for ſale and exportation, and conſequently will then want a market and a ready means of turning it into caſh; and whether that produce is brought to Philadelphia market or goes to Baltimore, the conſequences to themſelves will be nearly the ſame. The quick intercourſe of commercial intelligence that paſſes between the two markets of Philadelphia and Baltimore, immediately operates to regulate the price of the one by the other; and whenever it falls here, from whatever cauſe it may be, it falls there.

There are two ſtages or degrees into which the landed intereſt in Pennſylvania progreſſively divides itſelf, viz. ſettlers and farmers. And as a man's ideas are generally produced in him by his preſent ſituation and condition, it will naturally follow, that if you inveſtigate his ſituation you will get into the channel his thoughts run in, and find out their ſource, direction and extent.

The frontier parts of the ſtate are called ſettlements, and the improved parts farms. A ſettler is not yet a farmer; he is only in the way of being ſo. In the ſtage of a ſettler, his thoughts are engroſſed and taken up in making a ſettlement. If he can raiſe produce enough for the ſupport of his family, it is the utmoſt of his preſent hopes. He has none to bring to market, or to ſell, and therefore commerce appears nothing to him; and he cries out, that a Bank is of no uſe. But the caſe is, he is not yet in a condition to participate of its uſefulneſs. When he is, he will think otherwiſe.

But the improved parts of the ſtate, having undergone the hardſhip and labour attending the making new ſettlements, are now become farms, and the occupiers of them are farmers. The others, as I have before obſerved, are yet but ſettlements, and many of them only laid out to be ſuch, and the occupiers of them are ſettlers. Therefore, when a back county member ſays that the Bank is of no uſe to the farmer, he means the ſettler, who has yet no produce to ſell, and knows nothing about the matter. Of the twenty-eight who voted for reſtoring the Charter of the Bank, twenty-five are country members. Thoſe gentlemen, by reſiding in the improved parts of the ſtate, from whence the ſtaple commodities of the country are brought, are certainly better judges of the uſefulneſs of a public Bank, than thoſe, who, from their diſtance, have no commercial intercourſe with the market, and never viſit it but when they are ſent as repreſentatives.

As to paper money, which ſo frequently occurs in the ſpeeches of the back county members, I will, in a few words, explain their motive and meaning for it.

Not one of them will take it when it is made; but all of them will borrow it of the public, under the name of a Loan-Office, let the value of it be little or much, and truſt the payment to the chance of depreciation, or other future events. According to the ideas which ſome of them threw out, they would continue ſtriking an additional quantity every year, till the value of the firſt emiſſions was ſo reduced, that they would ſtrike themſelves out of debt, at the expence of all the ſettled and improved parts of the ſtate.

But however paper money may ſuit a borrower, it is unprofitable, if not ruinous in the end, to every other perſon. The farmer will not take it for produce, and he is right in refuſing it. The money he takes for his year's produce muſt laſt him the year round; and the experience he has had of the inſtability of paper money has ſufficiently inſtructed him, that it is not worth a farmer's while to exchange the ſolid grain and produce of a farm for the paper of an Aſſembly, whoſe politics are changing with every new election, and who are here one year and gone another.

But the perſons againſt whoſe immediate intereſt paper money operates the ſtrongeſt, are the manufacturers and mechanics.

We all know there is no part of the continent where manufacturers and mechanics flouriſh ſo much as in the New-England ſtates. They were famed for them before the war, and are ſo at this day.

But the circumſtance which gave ſpring to thoſe arts among them was, their baniſhing the uſe of paper money, which they effectually did many years before the war. The conſequence was, that all the hard money that their export trade brought in remained among them; and as none of it could be ſpared to ſend abroad to purchaſe foreign manufactures, neceſſity obliged them to manufacture for themſelves. It was by baniſhing paper money, that they eſtabliſhed the arts, and retained among them a ſufficiency of hard money.

I know ſome of the perſons who put themſelves at the head of the oppoſition againſt the Bank laſt year ſaid, (for I was preſent) that they wiſhed there was not a hard dollar in the country.

If this wiſh were, or could be, carried into practice, there could then be no other than paper money; the conſequence of which would be, that all the hard money which the exports of the country brought in would be immediately ſent out again, to purchaſe foreign manufactures and trinkets.

We are frequently paſſing acts to encourage manufactures, but the moſt effectual encouragement would be, to baniſh the practice of paper money. We have the experience of the New-England ſtates before us, which is preferable to all the reaſoning that can be offered on the ſubject.

An independent country and paper money is a ridiculous connection. It is a weak, flimſey, idle ſyſtem of government. We have as good a chance as other nations to ſhare in the current coin of the world, gold and ſilver, did thoſe who exerciſe the power of government underſtand it.

April 17th. COMMON SENSE.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of Captain ROBERT TATNELL, late of the State navy, deceaſed, are deſired to make immediate payment. And thoſe that have any demands againſt ſaid eſtate, are deſired to bring in their accounts atteſted, for payment, to GEORGE GLENTWORTH, Adminiſtrat.

April 18, 1786. ¶

BOSTON, *April* 5.

The moſt violent ſtorm we have had this ſeaſon, began laſt Saturday about noon, and continued without any intermiſſion until the afternoon of Sunday---the wind, which blew exceeding hard, at N. E.---As yet we have not heard of much damage done to the ſhipping on our coaſt, as was expected.---In this town ſome veſſels, wharves and ſeveral houſes received much damage---a quantity of lumber was floated off, and ſeveral chimnies, a blackſmith's ſhop, fences, railings and ſheds, were blown down---the ferry way, on this ſide Charles River, was broken up, and the materials diſperſed. Five piers of the bridge, on the other ſide the river, which were part of thoſe erected within theſe few days, were forced up, and drifted aſhore, with the implements uſed in the buſineſs, near the north Battery, in this town. The cauſe of this misfortune, but which has only undone the buſineſs of a week, was owing to the outer pier, which was raiſed in the afternoon of Saturday, not being driven in the earth, and was by reaſon thereof put in motion, by the violence of the weather, and carried off with it four others, to which it was connected. Had thoſe lately put down been ſecured by ſtring pieces, they would, without doubt, have withſtood this fierce aſſault of the elements, as the other parts of this noble ſtructure remain as firm as pillars of adamant.

Extract of a letter from London, dated January 4th, 1786.

"Captain Fletcher is arrived from France, who gives us the pleaſing account that the money per the Ceres is found, except about five hundred pounds; but as it was altogether, within ten feet ſquare, we can hardly think that ſo much will be wanting; it is only from his judgement, as all his papers relative thereto were loſt.---As to the loſs we do not yet know how it will fall, whether general or particular, as it is in the admiralty of France, and they will fix it as is cuſtomary there---The expences will not be much. It will be neceſſary for all concerned in the money, to ſend duplicate bills of lading, for it is not clear to us but the admiralty will detain it until all appear, and the captain ſays ſeveral of the letters were loſt, and doubtleſs ſome of the bills of lading."

NEW-YORK, *April* 12.

Letters from Kingſton, in Jamaica, received in Philadelphia, adviſe, that twenty-two ſail of American and Britiſh veſſels have been ſeized there within a few weeks, all of them being concerned in an illicit trade, or ſome other breaches of their laws of trade.

Other letters that arrived here laſt week, in ſtrong terms, enforce the danger of ſending the produce of America to the Weſt-Indies in any other than Britiſh bottoms, navigated according to Britiſh laws.

The Mediterranean trade ſhut to America by the depredations of the Barbary corſairs---the French and Britiſh Weſt-India iſlands refuſe admittance to American veſſels but in a very limited way---to what quarter of the world can ſhe export her wheat, corn and lumber---to whom and where can her citizens look for ſome participaion of the commerce of the world-----Alas, not to Congreſs! for they have not the power to enforce any commercial treaty they may make, however advantageous to the United States---the nations of Europe too well know this, and profit by the diſtracted ſtate of our councils.---The union of the Thirteen States is much too weak, even to combat the machinations of any petty Prince, however contemptible, who ſhall chuſe to inſult the American flag:---All and every of theſe reaſons point out very clearly that Congreſs muſt have more power, and the means of uſing it---either they muſt have the national impoſt, or ſome other productive funds; the former is beſt, as having been long canvaſſed and very generally approved: Delay is dangerous to the trade of America.

A correſpondent expreſſes his utter aſtoniſhment, that any difficulty is made reſpecting the general impoſt. The people of the United States in Congreſs aſſembled, by their acts of Dec. 1782, and April, 1786, do pledge the faith of the United States, that the general impoſt ſhall be applied ſolely and unalterably to the payment of the natioal debt, and no other purpoſe; and that an annual account ſhall be rendered thereof. Why then, in the name of common ſenſe or common honeſty, does not our ſtate meet the other twelve on that ground, and grant the impoſt for twenty-five years, ſolely and expreſly on thoſe conditions; and then, if the other twelve ſtates ſhould fooliſhly and prodigally waſte their own treaſures, we can ſet up for ourſelves as a diſtinct ſovereign power; make war and peace, and form treaties with the Algerines and other powers. The European powers will be paid, right or wrong, or occupy ſome part of the territory of a fradulent, faithleſs nation, as a ſecurity and pledge. What part ſo fit and deſerving of French fleets and Spaniſh garriſons, as capital towns in the moſt faithleſs part of the Thirteen States: New-York and Albany. The conduct of thoſe, who on narrow grounds oppoſe the general impoſt, is like that of a little, poverty ſtruck, mean ſpirited fellow, who having paſſed an evening in company with gentlemen, when the bill is called, diſputes his club; ſays there was half a pint called and drank while he was out of the room, that grog would have been good enough; wine was too coſtly. He refuſes to pay his ſhare to the gentleman appointed to receive and pay the whole; and he will go to the bar himſelf, and pay his part in ſixpenny-pieces and coppers, warily counted one by one.

PHILADELPHIA, *April* 19.

Died, on Friday morning laſt, Mrs. RACHEL WILSON, the wife of the Honorable JAMES WILSON, Eſquire, in the 36th year of her age; and on Sunday her remans were depoſited in Chriſt Church yard, attended by a numerous train of reſpectable citizens and ſorrowing friends.

The religious and ſocial virtues of her heart were manifeſted by a uniform and exemplary exerciſe of the important duties of *mother*, *wife* and *friend*. To theſe were added thoſe external graces and engaging manners, which are not only the indications, but the genuine offspring of a benevolent diſpoſition, and thoſe perſonal accompliſhments which are the ornaments of life.------ Well may the tears of ſorrow flow for the loſs of one ſo valued and ſo beloved.---Her diſtinguiſhed virtue ſhall embalm her memory: and her elegy is written in the hearts of her friends!

Extract of a letter from Boſton, dated April 7.

"Laſt Thurſday night, a new ſchooner belonging to Beverly, from the Weſt-Indies, loaded principally with ſalt and ſugar, ſtruck upon Baker's Iſland Breakers, near Salem harbour, and ſunk, by which both veſſel and cargo were loſt.

"On Saturday night, in the ſtorm, the ſchooner Mary, from Bilboa, bound to this port, was caſt away upon Tinker's Iſland (near Marblehead) and all on board periſhed. The ſchooner and cargo is entirely loſt. The bodies of the Captain (Thomas Davis, belonging to Glouceſter) the mate and cook, have ſince been taken up on the Iſland and decently interred.

"Several other veſſels were unfortunately caſt away during the ſtorm, but we do not learn any lives were loſt."

We hear that Mr. ANDREW BROWN, formerly ſo well known in this ſtate for his ſucceſs in conducting an Engliſh Education, has ſo perfectly recovered his health, that he intends, in a few weeks, to open a ſchool, in this city, *ſolely* for the purpoſe of inſtructing young miſſes, in reading, writing, arithmetic, and geography.---And in order to render his plan the more perfect and effectual, he propoſes to ſubmit the proficiency of his pupils to a number of gentlemen, to be called VISITORS; who will be requeſted, by Mr. Brown, the firſt year, to perform that office, but who will, afterwards, be annually choſen by the parents of the young ladies belonging to the ſchool.

*** A public Examination of Candidates for Degrees in the Arts and in Medicine, will be held in the Hall of the Univerſity on Friday, the 26th of May, and the Commencement on Thurſday the 29th of June, enſuing. April 19.

*** A meeting of the AMERICAN PHILOSOPHICAL SOCIETY will be held at the Univerſity, on FRIDAY next, at ſix o'clock in the evening, when a number of gentlemen duly propoſed, as new members are to be ballotted for. A full meeting of the ſociety is, therefore, earneſtly requeſted.

ROBERT PATTERSON, Secretary.

JACOB COLEMAN, of Lower Merion townſhip, Montgomery county, wiſhes to communicate to the public, thro' the channel of the Engliſh and German News-papers, a mode to preſerve the Peach-tree from being injured by a ſpecies of worm, which for many years paſt has deſtroyed numbers of them in this and the neighbouring ſtates, viz.

Clear away the gum that iſſues out of the tree affected by the worm, ſtrew a little quantity of flour of brimſtone around the root, cover it lightly with fine mound, that it may not be blown away, yet ſo that the ſun may operate through and cauſe the brimſtone to fumigate, which deſtroys the worm. One pound of brimſtone will be ſufficient for near 200 trees. The ſame kind of ſulphur he alſo found to be deſtructive to catterpillars (which at this ſeaſon are beginning to prey on the orchards of apple-trees) viz. ſplit the end of a pole or ſtick, put therein a few brimſtone matches, ſet them on fire, and hold the pole under the neſt, and the catterpillars will periſh. A pole thus lighted will anſwer for three or four neſts.

Theſe experiments he hath tried with great ſucceſs, and recommends them.

IN purſuance of an order of the 3d and 13th inſt. received from the Supreme Executive Council---Notice is hereby given, that on Thurſday, the 1ſt of June next, between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon, and 4 o'clock in the afternoon, will be ſold by public vendue, at the court-houſe in the borough of Reading, and county of Berks, an eſtate, late the property of Andrew Allen, lying and being in the county aforeſaid, and known by the name of the Big Spring, conſiſting of 472 acres.

Gold or ſilver, paper money of this ſtate, of the laſt emiſſion, and depreciation certificates, funded or unfunded, will be received in payment.

THOMAS PARRY,) Agents of the ſale of confiſcated
HENRY HOLLAR,) eſtates for the county of Berks.

April 13, 1786.

Receiver-General's Office, April 17, 1786.

PURSUANT to inſtructions received by the ſubſcriber from the Supreme Executive Council, NOTICE is hereby given, That agreeable to an act of General Aſſembly of this commonwealth, entituled "An Act for directing the ſale of ſuch of the city lots as remain the property of the ſtate, and for diſpoſing of the houſe and lots in High-ſtreet, in the city of Philadelphia, late the eſtate of J. Galloway, and forfeited to this commonwealth; the manſion-houſe and lots adjoining, on Market-ſtreet, containing in breadth, on the ſouth ſide of ſaid ſtreet, 60 feet, and in length or depth on Sixth-ſtreet 180 feet, late the property of Joſeph Galloway, as aforeſaid, will be expoſed to public Sale, at the old Coffee-Houſe, in this city, on Wedneſday the 3d day of May next, between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 2 o'clock in the afternoon of that day.

Conditions of ſale---Gold or ſilver money, bills of credit of this ſtate of the laſt emiſſion, depreciation certificates, or other certificates of debts due by this ſtate on which intereſt is receivable at the treaſury of this commonwealth, will be received in payment.

One third part of the conſideration money to be paid within three days after the ſale---another third part in one month thereafter, and the remaining third part within two months from the day of ſale.

Poſſeſſion of the premiſes to be given on a certificate from the Receiver-General of the Land Office, that payment has been made of one third part of the conſideration money, and good and ſufficient ſecurity given for the payment of the remainder, agreeably to the preceding terms.

FRANCIS JOHNSTON, Rec. Gen.

New Books, juſt publiſhed, and to be Sold by

THOMAS DOBSON,

At the NEW BOOK-STORE in Second-ſtreet, two doors above Cheſnut-ſtreet,

1. A PLAN for the eſtabliſhment of Public Schools, and the diffuſion of knowledge in Pennſylvania: to which are added, Thoughts upon the mode of education proper in a republic; addreſſed to the Legiſlature and Citizens of the ſtate. Price only 6*d*.

2. The young man's magazine: containing the ſubſtance of moral philoſophy and divinity, ſelected from the works of the moſt eminent for wiſdom, learning, and virtue, among the ancients and moderns. 1*s*.

Of T. Dobſon, likewiſe, may be had the following

SCHOOL BOOKS, viz.

Ruddiman's rudiments of the Latin tongue, the nineteenth genuine edition, Price 2/6.
Ruddiman's Latin grammar, 5*s*.
Ruddiman's Latin and Engliſh vocabulary, 2*s*.
Grammatical exerciſes, or an exemplification of the ſeveral moods and tenſes, and of the principal rules of conſtruction, adapted to the method of Ruddiman's rudiments, 2/6.
Buchanan's pſalms. The Latin text and order of conſtruction on the ſame page, with an Engliſh tranſlation in the manner of Davidſon's virgil, price 10*s*.
Dunlap's Greek grammar, 5*s*.
Greek new teſtament, by Mataire, 7/6.
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Cæſar, Horace, Virgil, Cicero's orations, &c. &c. &c. in uſum delphini
Philadelphia Latin Grammar, 3*s*.
---------- Latin exerciſes, 3/9.
Smart's Horace, 2 vol. Latin and Engliſh, 10*s*.
Dictionaries by Ainſworth, Young, Cole, &c. Alſo, a very extenſive general collection of BOOKS in the various branches of literature, in the freſheſt and moſt elegant bindings.

TO BE SOLD,

A Farm in the Northern Liberties, midway between Germantown and Frankford, and four miles from the city of Philadelphia, called CLERMONT, the property of the late Thomas Lawrence, Eſq. deceaſed. On this farm, which conſiſts of one hundred and forty acres, is a large and convenient ſtone dwelling houſe, fifty-three feet front, with a piazza at the back, the whole length of the houſe, a ſpacious and well laid out garden, containing a variety of choice fruit, a ſtone ſpring-houſe, with moſt excellent water, a convenient brick houſe for the accommodation of a tenant, with ſtable, coach-houſe, &c. On the place are 40 acres of orchard, which produce a great quantity of the fineſt apples. The farm is divided into four lots. No. 1. Conſiſting of 25 acres. No. 2. On which the manſion houſe, ſpring-houſe, coach-houſe and ſtables are erected, and containing 39 acres. No. 3. Containing 35 acres, and No. 4. which contains 40 acres, ſix acres of orchard, and a good frame dwelling houſe. It will be ſold entire, or divided, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſer. Each of the lots command an elegant and extenſive proſpect. The terms of ſale will be made known, by applying to Col. John Shee, in Philadelphia, or John Lawrence, Eſq. in Norris-town, Montgomery county.

N. B. Poſſeſſion can be given immediately.

April 12, 1786. tf

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, living in Uwchland townſhip, Cheſter county, about the firſt of December laſt, a red BULL, about 3 years old. The owner is deſired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take him away.

10th of 4th month, 1786. EDWARD OWEN. ¶

On *FRIDAY* next,

Preciſely at NINE o'CLOCK, at the CITY VENDUE STORE, will begin the SALE of a large and general

Aſſortment of MERCHANDIZE.

ARTHUR ST. CLAIR, and Co. Auctioneers.

FOR SALE, BY

DANIEL BENEZET,

At his ſtore in Arch-ſtreet, four doors below the corner of Second-ſtreet, a very large aſſortment of

Dutch Scythes & German Straw Knives,

With ſuitable WHETSTONES----Alſo

COTTON and linen ſtripes, hempen thread for manufacturers, a variety of black ſattins, pelongs, modes and perſians, ſilk and linen handkerchiefs of different kinds, 8, 9 and 10 qr. Flanders bed-ticks, broad and narrow corduroys, ſuperfine moreens, an aſſortment of calimancoes and durants, flowered and plain drawboys and dimities, ſhallow and deep crown Leghorn hats, watch chryſtals, fuſee chains, pendants and hands, fine iron wire, pewter table and tea-ſpoons, boxes of Dreſden china tea-cups and ſaucers, temple ſpectacles, ſhoe-buckles, metal buttons, pins, needles, ſham buck table knives and forks, piſtol capt knives, ſleeve buttons, ſhoemakers knives, double ſcrew gimblets, dotted awl-blades, ſhoe tacks, braſs thimbles, curtain rings, Barlow penknives, large ſciſſars, Engliſh paſteboards, pig braſs, double and ſingle rolled iron plate, German looking-glaſſes, &c. &c. &c. ¶ 8 w. April 27, 1785.

TO BE LETT,

And may be entered into the 22d day of May next,

A HOUSE, well calculated for ſhop-keeping, which has been occupied that way many years, oppoſite the upper market-houſe in the borough of Wilmington, Delaware ſtate. For terms apply to JAMES ADAMS, Printer, in ſaid borough.

April 17, 1786. †

To be Sold at Private Sale,

A Valuable plantation, late the eſtate of Hugh Evans, deceaſed, ſituate in Lower Merion townſhip, within ſeven miles of this city, near the main road leading to Lancaſter, and about one mile from Merion meeting-houſe, containing about one hundred and ſeventy acres of good land, whereon is a two ſtory ſtone dwelling-houſe, two rooms on a floor, a ſtone kitchen, and good ſtone barn, with ſtables; a milk-houſe, with an excellent ſpring of water near the dwelling-houſe, about 18 acres of meadow in good order, with ſeveral lively ſtreams, by which moſt of the fields are conveniently accommodated with water at all ſeaſons of the year, a good proportion of wood land, with ſome orchard, and other fruit trees: The whole under good fence, and for healthineſs of ſituation inferior to none in that neighbourhood. A good and ſufficient title will be made. For terms, apply to OWEN JONES and JOSHUA HOWELL, of Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, 4th month 15th, 1786. 6w

Philadelphia, April 17, 1786.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni exponas to me directed, will be expoſed to Sale by public vendue, at the old Coffee-Houſe, in the city of Philadelphia, on Saturday the 29th inſt. at ſeven o'clock in the evening, a certain three ſtory brick Houſe and Lot or Piece of Ground, ſituate, lying and being on the weſt ſide of Second-ſtreet, betwen Race and Arch-ſtreets, in the city of Philadelphia; containing in front on Second-ſtreet about 12 feet, and extending in length or depth 60 feet; bounded on the north by Moſes Bartram's meſſuage and lot, on the ſouth by Samuel Taylor's meſſuage and lot, and on the eaſt by Second-ſtreet aforeſaid; ſubject to a ground-rent of ------ pounds per annum; the ſituation is an excellent ſtand for public buſineſs: Taken in execution, and ſold as the property of Jacob Reno, by

JOSEPH COWPERTHWAIT, Sheriff.

Mr. S. Jennings's EXHIBITION of *Tranſparent Views.*

IN conſequence of the encouragement received from his friends, Mr. S. Jennings has, at a conſiderable expence, prepared Four Tranſparent Scenes, with ſuitable decorations, which he will exhibit at the houſe of Mr. Henry Epple, on the north ſide of Race-ſtreet, midway between Third and Fourth-ſtreets; where he has accommodated himſelf with a large and commodious room, completely adapted to the purpoſe of exhibition.

Deſirous of rendering every ſatisfaction to a generous public, Mr. Jennings has omitted no endeavour which can add to their entertainment. The views are the early productions of an American artiſt, who aſſures his friends and the public, that he will, by a future addition of ſcenes, deſcriptive of ſuch ſubjects as may be deemed moſt worthy of their approbation, promote to the utmoſt of his abilities and power their delight and entertainment.

The ſcenes will be preſented in the following order, and conſiſt of,

1. A view of Jupiter, God of the Heathens, darting thunder and lightning from the clouds, &c.

2. America among the tombs, bewailing the loſs of her brave ſons who fell in the late conteſt---An American ſoldier, &c.

3. A ſcene repreſenting his excellency General Waſhington---The ſtatues of American generals and the temples of Honour and Virtue.

4. The celebrated Mr. Garrick, in the character of Richard the Third.

The ſize of each view, excluſive of decorations and ornaments, is ſeven feet by eight.

Admiſſion tickets at the price of 3/9 each, may be had at Mr. James Trenchard's, engraver, at the north eaſt corner of Walnut and Second-ſtreets, of Meſſrs. Cary and Co. and at the place of exhibition.

The doors will be opened at half paſt ſix o'clock in the evening, and the exhibition begin preciſely at ſeven.

Deſcriptive catalogues of the views are delivered at the room gratis.

*** The days of exhibition are *Monday* and *Thurſday*.

TWELVE DOLLARS Reward.

WAS ſtolen out of the ſtable of the ſubſcriber, living in East Whiteland townſhip, Cheſter county, in the night of the 3d inſtant, a ſorrel MARE, with a blaze in her face, and a white ſpot on the flank as large as a man's hand, about 14 hands high, 6 years old, not yet docked, has neither brand nor ear mark, newly ſhod, was ſeen the morning of the fourth near the ſign of the waggon on the Coneſtogo road, a man riding her. Whoever takes up ſaid thief ſo that he may be brought to juſtice, and mare ſo that the owner may have her again, ſhall have the above reward, and for the mare only, SIX DOLLARS and reaſonable charges.

¶ DAVID CLOYD.

STOLEN out of the ſtable of ISAAC THOMAS, in Willis Town, Cheſter county, on the night following the 10th inſtant, a young HORSE, of a light bay colour, mixed with a few white hairs, a ſtar, and blaze down his face, about 15 hands high, three years old this ſpring, has one white foot behind, and is a natural trotter. Whoever ſecures the horſe and thief, ſhall have the reward of FOUR POUNDS, or FORTY SHILLINGS for either, and reaſonable charges, paid by

§ TOWNSEND THOMAS.

Philadelphia, April 8, 1786.

To be SOLD for want of employ,

A SMART lively MULATTOE BOY, who hath near 15 years to ſerve, very healthy. Likewiſe four years to come of a LEASE of ſix acres of meadow, in good order, near town; and a few tons of good FIRST CROP HAY. Enquire of

‡ WILLIAM M'MULLIN, Southwark.

THE Contributors to the Pennſylvania Hoſpital are deſired to take notice, that their annual election for twelve Managers and a treaſurer, will be held at ſaid Hoſpital, on Monday, the firſt day of May next, at three o'clock in the afternoon.

March 31, 1786.

To be SLOD by public Vendue,

On the 20th inſt. at the BELL INN, in Kingſeſſing, purſuant to the laſt will of Margaret Wilſon, deceaſed,

A LOT of Marſh Meadow, ſituate in Kingſeſſing aforeſaid, bounded by Church creek, Barr creek, and lands of Robert Towers and Iſaac Hibberd, jun. containing about 10 acres. Alſo a Lot of upland in the ſaid townſhip, bounded by the road leading to Tinicum lands, belonging to the heirs of Andrew Cox, and others; a ſmall tenement is erected thereon, and a conſiderable number of apple trees planted. The ſale will begin at three o'clock in the afternoon, when the terms of ſale will be made known. ‡ JOHN GRANTHAM, Executor.

Bucks county, March 17, 1786.

WHEREAS William Roberts, Eſq; High Sheriff of the county of Bucks, hath, in purſuance of warrants to him directed, made report to us at Newtown and elſewhere, in ſaid county, that he had taken the bodies, ſeized and ſecured the eſtates real and perſonal of John Prowle and Thomas Ramſey, Collectors of Tinicum; Daniel Hough and Enoch Bett's real eſtate, Collectors of Solebury; Jeſſe Jackſon, Collector of Benſalem; Zebulon Pike, Collector of Buckingham, and Jonathan Kinſey, his ſecurity; Owen Lovett, Collector of Falls townſhip; John Taylor, jun. Collector of Upper Makefield; Enoch Roberts, Collector of Milford; Patrick Hunter, Collector of Newtown; John Low, Collector of Rockhill; Jacob Burk, Collector of Richland; Cornelius Vanſant, Collector of Lower Makefield; and Daniel Martin, Adminiſtrator to the eſtate of Valentine Nelſon, a Collector, deceaſed, of Middletown townſhip, for the balance due on the ſeveral duplicates ſent them by the Board of Commiſſioners, who have not paid the amount thereof unto John Hart, Eſq; county Treaſurer, agreeable to the ſeveral laws of this ſtate.

NOTICE is therefore given, that a general meeting of the Commiſſioners will be held at Newtown, on the 22d day of April next enſuing, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where the ſaid John Prowle, Thomas Ramſey, Daniel Hough, Enoch Betts, Jeſſe Jackſon, Zebulon Pike, Jonathan Kinſey, Owen Lovett, John Taylor, jun. Enoch Roberts, Patrick Hunter, John Low, Jacob Burk, Cornelius Vanſant, and Daniel Martin, Adminiſtrator of Valentine Nelſon, deceaſed, are requeſted to pay the balances of their reſpective duplicates, otherwiſe warrants will be iſſued to empower the Sheriff to proceed to the ſale of the ſaid Collectors goods and chattels, lands and tenements, or ſuch parts thereof as may be ſufficient to diſcharge the ſaid balances, with coſts, &c. agreeable to law, in this caſe made and provided.

¶ ALEXANDER HUGHES,
JOSEPH M'ILVAINE,
NATHANIEL ELLICOTT, } Commiſſioners.

WHEREAS the eſtates of Matthias Aſpden, Thomas Bulla, Francis Armſtrong and William Armſtrong, late of the county of Cheſter, having by due courſe of law been forfeited and ſeized to the uſe of this ſtate, I the ſubſcriber, Agent for ſaid county, do hereby give notice, that the eſtates of ſaid Matthias Aſpden, Thomas Bulla, Francis and William Armſtrong, conſiſting of the following tracts of land, viz.

Matthias Aſpden's, 150 acres and buildings, in the townſhip of Newtown; on this plantation is a good orchard, 10 or 12 acres of good watered meadow, and more may be made, a good ſtream of water running through the plantation, near half woodland.

Thomas Bulla's, 200 acres and buildings, in Sadſbury townſhip; this plantation is well improved, and the farm good.

Francis and William Armſtrong's, being one half of 200 acres and buildings, in Sadſbury, undivided, chiefly woodland. All which will be ſold by public vendue, at the Court-houſe, in Cheſter, on the 29th day of April next. The ſale to begin at twelve o'clock. The terms of ſale according to law, viz. one fourth part of the purchaſe money to be paid in ten days after ſale, or the premiſes to revert to the ſtate, and the bidder liable to forfeit the ſaid one fourth part of the purchaſe money; the remainder to be paid in one month. Officers and ſoldiers depreciation certificates to be received in payment, or caſh.

And I, as Agent, do alſo, purſuant to law, hereby notify all the claimants of the ſaid premiſes, or any of them, and the creditors of the ſaid Matthias Aſpden, Thomas Bulla, Francis and William Armſtrong, to exhibit their claims and demands to the Juſtices of the Supreme Court, within the time limitted by law, or they will be for ever debarred from the recovery thereof.

March 27, 1786. ¶ THOMAS LEVIS, Agent.

To be SOLD at Private Sale,

Or LET for one or more years,

A Valuable Plantation and tract of

LAND, ſituate on Cooper's creek, one mile only from Cooper's ferries, and between two and three miles (by water) from Philadelphia, adjoining lands of Meſſrs. William and Samuel Cooper, in Waterford townſhip, Glouceſter county, New-Jerſey. Said premiſes contain upwards of 120 acres, whereof about 50 are cleared tillable land, 50 good wood land, on which are a ſufficient quantity of rail timber to accommodate the place, and the remaining 20 acres are excellent banked meadow. There is alſo a good frame brickpaned dwelling-houſe on the premiſes. The ſeveral advantages conſequent from the natural good quality of the ſoil, and its very agreeable and near ſituation to the Philadelphia market, are unneceſſary to enumerate. Immediate poſſeſſion will be given. For terms, enquire of the ſubſcriber, in Seventh-ſtreet, near Market-ſtreet, Philadelphia.

April 4, 1786. ¶ JOHN KEBLE.

N. B. If the above premiſes ſhould be ſold, a part of the purchaſe money being paid down, eaſy terms will be given for the remainder.

SIXTEEN DOLLARS Reward.

STOLEN out of the ſtable of the ſubſcriber living in Mount-Bethel, Northampton county, Pennſylvania, on the night of the 28th inſtant, A dark brown Mare, near 15 hands high, ſix years old this ſpring, trots and paces, is ſhod before, has neither brand nor any natural mark. Whoever will apprehend the thief, and ſecure him ſo that he may be brought to juſtice, and the mare, ſo that the owner may have her again, ſhall have the above reward, or for the mare only, EIGHT DOLLARS, and all reaſonable charges, paid by

SAMUEL REA.

March 29, 1786. ¶

WANTED,

A LARGE Quantity of Spaniſh Oak, White Oak and Black Oak BARK, for which a good Price, and ready Money will be given, by the Tanners in Germantown. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

By the Subſcriber, either out and out, or on an eaſy yearly ground rent, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſer,

SEVERAL Lots of Ground, ſituate in the town of NEW-PHILADELPHIA, lately laid out by the ſaid ſubſcriber, adjoining the town of Harriſburgh, in Dauphin county, on the river Suſquehanna. The ſaid lots command a beautiful proſpect of the ſaid river, on a high and healthy ſpot, and in a pientiful country, well calculated for trade, which is daily increaſing. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe may know the terms by applying to Mr. George Cooper, the corner of Market and Fourth-ſtreets, in this city, or to the proprietor living in ſaid town,

Plans of the above town to be ſeen at the Coffee-Houſe, at Mr. Cooper's, and at the proprietor's. ADAM EKERT.

Philadelphia, March 31, 1786. ¶

Long Marſh, March, 1786.

TO be ſold by public vendue, on Tueſday, the 22d day of May next, about 2500 acres of LAND, lying together in Caroline and Queen Ann counties, in the ſtate of Maryland, known commonly by the name of Long Marſh, conſiſting of different tracts and farms, from 3 too 500 acres each, improved with convenient buildings, and orchards of excellent fruit, yielding great crops of cyder; about one half of the above lands are meadow grounds of prime quality; near 200 acres are now ſet in timothy graſs, and generally produce from two and a half to three and a half tons of hay per acre at one mowing, and 300 acres more are prepared and may be ſet with timothy next autumn.

Theſe lands have produced from eight to twelve barrels of corn per acre, and after ſix or eight years tillage in corn, ſet in graſs produce as above. Some of the meadows which have been ſet for twelve years in timothy graſs, do not require to be ſet a ſecond time. They produce tobacco equal to Indian corn or graſs, and hemp to great advantage. The above lands are paſſed through by the great roads leading from Annapolis to Dover, and from Philadelphia down the peninſula, heading all the rivers making out of the two bays of Cheſapeak and Delaware, and at their croſſing form a convenient place for trade, being 16 miles from Cheſtertown, 17 from Dover, 12 from Church-Hill, and 12 from the heads of the rivers Cheſter and Choptank, and are, as to ſituation, as convenient for purchaſing cattle, and in quality of ſoil, for grazing, as, perhaps, any lands in the United States. The above meadows never have required manure, and it is ſuppoſed, from their depth of ſoil, and uncommon fertility, never will require it, ſo long as the owners will be content with one crop of hay per year, and graze the ſecond crop of graſs.

Any particulars reſpecting the above lands, of which a perſon inclined to purchaſe may be deſirous to know, may be received by applying to VACHEL KEENE, and Captains JOHN and RICHARD KEENE, living on the premiſes. ¶ 5 w.

MARCH 28, 1786.

For the Information of the Citizens of Philadelphia,

WHEREAS the Magiſtrates and Street Commiſſioners have divided the city into two diſtricts for the enſuing year; and have agreed with Alexander Miller, as ſcavenger for the ſouth diſtrict, which begins at South-ſtreet, extending north to the ſouth ſide of Market-ſtreet; and with Michael Wartman, for the north diſtrict, beginning at the ſouth ſide of Market-ſtreet extending to the north ſide of Vine-ſtreet, and each diſtrict from the river Delaware as far weſt as the ſtreets, lanes and alleys are paved: And in order to inform the citizens, as well as the ſcavengers of their duty, and, that none may plead ignorance who may offend in the premiſes, the following ſections of the law reſpecting the ſame are herewith inſerted: The ſaid Magiſtrates and Street Commiſſioners being determined to put the ſaid law fully into execution.

Sect. 7. And be it enacted by the authority aforeſaid, that the ſaid commiſſioners, or a majority of them, from time to time, ſhall employ, hire and agree with proper and capable perſons, to clean the cartway of the ſaid ſtreets, lanes and alleys, which have been heretofore, or ſhall be ſo paved as aforeſaid, and to remove and carry off from thence all mud, dirt, and other filth there found, that ſhall or may incommode the inhabitants, in ſuch manner and form, and at ſuch time or times as they, the ſaid commiſſioners, or a majority of them, with the magiſtrates of the city of Philadelphia, or any three of them, ſhall direct and appoint; which ſaid perſons, ſo agreed with and employed, ſhall take upon themſelves the office and duty of ſcavengers, purſuant to their reſpective agreements aforeſaid, under the penalty of five pounds for every neglect or refuſal; and if any ſuch ſcavenger ſhall neglect or refuſe to carry off and remove all and every part of the mud, mire, dirt and other filth found in the ſtreets, lanes and alleys aforeſaid, agreeable to his contract with the ſaid commiſſioners, he ſhall forfeit and pay any ſum not exceeding twenty ſhillings for every ſuch offence.

Sect. 8. And be it further enacted by the authority aforeſaid, that the inhabitants and occupiers of the houſes and lots, and the ſextons, porters, or other keepers of churches, meeting houſes, academies, ſchools, and other public buildings and burying grounds, fronting the paved ſtreets, lanes and alleys within the ſaid city, ſhall rake and ſweep into the cartway the dirt, ſoil and other filth to be found on the brick pavement or footway before their reſpective houſes, lots or dwellings, or cauſe the ſame to be done, once at leaſt in every week, that is to ſay, on every Friday, when the ſnow or ice on the ſaid pavements does not prevent, that it may be removed by the ſaid ſcavengers on the ſame day, or the day following, under the penalty of any ſum, not exceeding five ſhillings, for every neglect or refuſal.

Sect. 9. And be it further enacted by the authority aforeſaid, that no perſon or perſons whatſoever, ſhall caſt or lay, or cauſe to be caſt or laid, any ſhavings, aſhes, dung or other filth or annoyance, on any pavement within the ſaid city, under the penalty of any ſum, not exceeding twenty ſhillings for every ſuch offence; but every ſuch perſon or perſons, having ſuch ſhavings, aſhes, dung or other filth, ſhall keep the ſame in ſome other place, until the ſcavenger ſhall attend with his cart to carry off the ſame, which he is hereby enjoined to do, once in every week at leaſt, if required, at the door of every ſuch perſon, under the penalty of five ſhillings for every refuſal, and to take and receive the ſame into his cart, and to remove the ſame out of the inhabited parts of ſaid city, under the penalty of five ſhillings for every neglect or refuſal: Provided always, and be it enacted, that every ſuch perſon, having ſuch mud, dung, aſhes or other filth ſo to be carried off, ſhall pay to every ſuch ſcavenger, for all ſuch filth and no other, as ſhall be occaſioned by or ariſe from his partiular trade, buſineſs or occupation, and is not incident to common houſe keeping, at ſuch rate as ſhall be from time to time ſettled and aſcertained by the ſaid commiſſioners, unleſs he, ſhe or they, ſhall chooſe to carry off the ſame at his, her, or their own expence, in another manner.

By order of the Board,

GEORGE HONEY, jun. Clerk.

To be Sold at Private Sale,

FORTY thouſand acres of Land, ſituate in the county of Montgomery, ſtate of New-York, lying between the German Flats and Cherry Valley, about 12 miles from the latter, 20 from the Mohawk river and 70 from Albany, bounded partly on the weſt ſide of lake Oſego and the river Suſquehanna, where Col. George Croghan formerly lived. Perſons applying before the 20th day of April next, may hear the terms and ſee a map of the premiſes, after which time attendance will be given on the ſpot, where any perſon applying may have as many acres as ſuits, and a clear and ample title made, by

Burlington, March the 28th, 1786. ¶ WILLIAM COOPER, ANDREW CRAIG.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Mount-Bethel, Northampton county, Pennſylvania, on the night of the 28th inſtant, An Iriſh Servant Man, named John Laird, about 25 years of age, 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, of a ſwarthy complexion, black eyes and black hair; had on when he went away an old fur hat, an old brown broadcloth coat, an old ſilk waiſtcoat ſtriped red and yellow, a pair of jean overalls, woollen ſtockings and good ſhoes. Whoever will apprehend ſaid ſervant, and ſecure him ſo that the ſubſcriber may have him again, ſhall be entitled to the above reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by

March 29, 1786. ¶ HENRY DILLS.

N. B. It is ſuppoſed that the ſaid ſervant is the perſon who ſtole a dark brown mare from Samuel Rea.

Philadelphia, April 4, 1786.

ALL Perſons indebted to the eſtate of John Bell, late of the city of Philadelphia, deceaſed, are requeſted to make immediate payment to the ſubſcribers, particularly thoſe that owe for Grave-digging; and all perſons who have any demands againſt ſaid eſtate, are hereby deſired to bring in their accounts properly atteſted, for ſettlement, to

¶ LEONARD DORSEY, JOHN GERMON, } Adminiſtrators.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of William Murray, of Mount-Bethel townſhip, Northampton county, deceaſed, and thoſe who have demands againſt ſaid eſtate, are requeſted to meet the ſubſcriber, adminiſtrator to ſaid eſtate, on the firſt day of May next, at the houſe of Mr. James Ritchie, in the ſame townſhip and county, in order for ſettlement.

ROBERT FORSMAN, Adminiſtrator.

April 3d, 1786. ‡

LOST,

ON the 25th of March, between the city of Philadelphia and Græme Park, a certificate, iſſued out of the commiſſioner's office, Pennſylvania, to Andrew Creary, No. 1129, dated July 26, 1784, bearing intereſt from Sept. 29, 1779, amounting to 119 23-90ths dollars, ſpecie. Whoever has found the ſame, and will ſend it to the Rev. Mr. Nathaniel Irwin, in Warrington townſhip, Bucks county, ſhall have FOUR DOLLARS reward, paid by ANDREW CREARY.

N. B. The above certificate can be of no uſe to any perſon but the owner, as payment is ſtopped at the different offices. If found in Philadelphia, and brought to the Printers hereof, they will convey intelligence to the owner. ¶

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnerſhip of CALEB and GEORGE NORTH is diſſolved agreeable to contract; therefore all perſons indebted to them are deſired to make immediate payment, or give their obligation, with ſecurity if demanded.

There are now opening for ſale, at the ſtore formerly occupied by Caleb and George North, in Coventry, a handſome aſſortment of Merchandiſe, ſuitable to the ſeaſon, which will be ſold at the very loweſt prices for caſh, by

March 22, 1786 § NORTH & WILSON.

TO BE LETT,

For one or two years from the firſt of May next,

THAT large, commodious and beautiful country ſeat belonging to the Rev. Dr. SMITH, commanding an extenſive view of the river Schuylkill at the falls, now occupied by John Rice, Eſq; with all convenient ſtables and other out-houſes, and alſo from 20 to 40 acres of meadow and other ground, as may beſt ſuit the tenant. For terms apply to the Hon. Thomas Mifflin, Eſq; or Major Von Heer, adjoining the premiſes, or to William Moore Smith, Eſq; at Col. Craig's, Montgomery county.

Alſo to be lett, A plantation of about 230 acres of LAND in Lower Merion, adjoining Mr. Algernon Roberts, and oppoſite Righter's Ferry on Schuylkill. Apply as above.

Glouceſter county, March 27, 1786.

FORTY SHILLINGS Reward.

RUN away yeſterday, from the ſubſcriber, living in Waterford townſhip, an Iriſh ſervant lad, named PATRICK TOOL, about 19 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches high, thick ſet, of a ruddy complexion, dark brown hair, ſpeaks pretty good Engliſh; had on and took with him when he went away, a homeſpun lead coloured upper thick jacket, with a fall down collar and cuffs to the ſleeves, patches on the elbows and cuffs of new cloth with wooden buttons, one blue and white ſtriped under ditto, old leather breeches, two pair of blue grey yarn ſtockings, half worn ſhoes with hob nails in the heels and toes, a ſmall felt hat, a large good axe, and a new hemp ſheeting wallet with a patch on one end. Whoever ſecures ſaid ſervant in any goal, ſo that his maſter may get him again, ſhall have the above reward, paid by JOB COLES. ¶

N. B. If ſaid ſervant is taken up and confined in any goal, it is deſired the ſame may be advertiſed in this paper.

Buckingham, Bucks County, Third-month 23, 1786.

WAS found tied in the wood, on the night of the 11th inſt. a bay HORSE, about 14 hands high, ſeven or eight years old, with a ſtar and ſnip, paces and trots, with a ſaddle and bridle, and a bag with feed; likewiſe a wallet, with two pair of ſtockings, one pair lately waſhed and not dry, two rope halters and a bridle, with ſome other things, ſuppoſed to be left there by a certain man who was ſeen carrying ſome hay from the ſubſcriber's barn, near William Bennet's tavern. The owner or owners are deſired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take them away. ‡ AMOS BRADSHAW.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Fourth-ſtreet, Philadelphia, an indented ſervant girl, named CATHARINE SHORT, about 18 years of age, fair complexion, brown hair: Had on, and took with her, one new mode bonnet, a brown camblet cloak, lined with green baize, one red worſted gown, one calicoe ditto, a blue callamanco ſkirt, one black quilted ditto, two aprons, one check, the other white, one pair thread hoſe, and a pair of old ſhoes. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo that her maſter may have her again, ſhall have the above reward.

† WILLIAM ANDERSON.

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